

3.—Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Atlantic Provinces, 1951 and 1952
—concluded

Industry	Estab-lish-ments	Em-ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials	Net Value of Products	Value of Factory Shipments
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
New Brunswick						
1 Pulp and paper.....	7	3,759	14,785,530	40,125,924	39,780,761	86,515,912
2 Sawmills.....	409	2,918	4,550,238	11,587,413	8,986,159	20,816,235
3 Fish processing.....	176	2,769	3,092,225	12,577,032	4,779,666	17,773,491
4 Slaughtering and meat packing.....	3	368	1,145,027	10,062,605	1,934,347	12,077,162
5 Miscellaneous food preparations, n.e.s.....	11	334	502,946	6,911,262	2,692,355	9,642,283
6 Sash, door and planing mills.....	62	1,026	1,998,153	5,677,411	3,385,338	9,152,872
7 Butter and cheese.....	31	385	767,258	6,093,875	2,083,979	8,389,425
8 Bread and other bakery products.....	67	793	1,493,258	3,365,096	3,031,960	6,664,329
9 Feeds, stock and poultry, prepared.....	13	175	376,595	5,671,081	621,112	6,341,790
10 Heating and cooking apparatus.....	3	633	1,780,066	2,209,156	3,400,691	5,731,076
11 Fertilizers.....	3	135	383,316	2,893,957	1,057,113	3,998,476
12 Biscuits.....	3	373	707,596	1,688,781	2,008,024	3,741,783
13 Printing and publishing.....	19	634	1,403,219	674,716	2,664,294	3,396,585
14 Confectionery.....	3	362	625,826	1,283,396	1,044,109	2,365,596
15 Footwear, leather.....	4	316	541,978	1,225,516	1,072,988	2,315,353
16 Miscellaneous wood products, n.e.s.....	6	164	344,496	1,544,651	600,231	2,206,918
17 Carbonated beverages.....	20	216	447,133	763,111	1,331,235	2,164,280
18 All other leading industries ⁸	12	6,247	15,466,023	41,095,772	27,922,052	70,558,574
Totals, Leading Industries.....	852	21,607	50,410,883	155,450,755	108,396,414	273,852,140
Totals, All Industries.....	1,077	24,251	55,978,462	164,760,874	117,837,471	298,759,782

¹ In 1952, gross value of products was replaced by value of factory shipments; see text, p. 633.
² Includes: biscuits; cordage, rope and twine; dairy products, n.e.s.; tobacco, cigars and cigarettes; miscellaneous food preparations, n.e.s.
³ Includes: bags, cotton and jute; fertilizers; slaughtering and meat packing.
⁴ Includes: breweries; cotton yarn and cloth; machinery, household, office and store; wire and wire goods; petroleum products; coke and gas.
⁵ Includes: breweries; sugar refineries; cotton yarn and cloth; synthetic textiles and silk; railway rolling-stock; shipbuilding; brooms, brushes and mops; brass and copper products; gypsum products.
⁶ Includes: miscellaneous food preparations, n.e.s.; biscuits; dairy products, n.e.s.; cordage, rope and twine; paints, varnishes and lacquers; tobacco, cigars and cigarettes.
⁷ Includes: slaughtering and meat packing; fertilizers; bags, cotton and jute; shipbuilding; sheet metal products.
⁸ Includes: petroleum products; coke and gas products; cotton yarn and cloth; wire and wire goods; breweries; aircraft and parts.

Subsection 2.—The Manufactures of Quebec

Quebec enjoys a wide variety of rich natural resources including most of the world's known reserves of asbestos, vast iron deposits, great reserves of copper, lead and zinc, the largest known supply of titanium, gold in abundance and new finds of oil underlying the rocks of Gaspé Peninsula. The geographic situation of the Province is extremely favourable to industrial development, one of its greatest assets being the St. Lawrence waterway and an inland harbour a thousand miles from the Atlantic Ocean where the largest sea-going vessels may dock. There is also an extensive highway system linking the small rural communities to the large cities.

Quebec, with 30 p.c. of Canada's total value of manufactured goods, is the second largest industrial province, having developed a \$5,000,000,000 manufacturing output with such leading industries as pulp and paper, non-ferrous metal smelting and refining, petroleum products, slaughtering and meat packing, textiles and clothing, tobacco products, and railway rolling-stock. The leading industry is pulp and paper, which had an output of more than \$500,000,000 in 1952. Quebec is a principal world centre for the production of newsprint; 55 major pulp and paper plants are concentrated in the Three Rivers and Shawinigan Falls districts and along the Saguenay, Ottawa and St. Lawrence Rivers. The Province accounts for 44 p.c. of the Canadian total for this industry. Other large industries in which Quebec predominates are: tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, with 93.5 p.c. of the